

A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN FORENSIC PSYCHIATRY Content Outline

Number of questions: 220					
01.	Legal regulation of psychiatry	17-21%			
02.	Civil	16-20%			
03.	Criminal	16-20%			
04.	Death penalty	4–6%			
05.	Corrections/correctional health care	8–12%			
06.	Legal systems/basic law	8-12%			
07.	Children/families	8-10%			
08.	Special issues in forensic psychiatry	9-13%			
TOTAL		100%			

Note: A more detailed content outline is shown below.



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SUSPECIALTY CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN FORENSIC PSYCHIATRY 2021 Content Outline

220 q	220 questions					
01.	Legal regulation of psychiatry					
	A.	Hosp	pitalization			
		01.	Involuntary			
			a. Standard of proof (Addington v. Texas)			
			b. Due process/dangerousness (Jackson v. Indiana)			
			c. Least restrictive alternative (Lake v. Cameron)			
		02.	Voluntary (<i>Zinermon v. Burch</i>)			
		03.	Procedural due process (Lessard v. Schmidt)			
		04.	Patients' rights			
			a. Civil Rights of Institutionalized Persons Act (CRIPA)			
			b. Protection and Advocacy of Individuals with Mental Illness (PAIMI)			
		05.	Outpatient commitment/alternatives to hospitalization			
		06.	Failure to place mentally ill in community is discriminatory (Olmstead v. L.C.)			
	B.	Conf	fidentiality/privilege/privacy			
		01.	Definitions			
			a. Privilege (<i>In re Lifschutz</i>)			
			b. Confidentiality (<i>Doe v. Roe</i>)			
		02.	HIPAA			
		03.	Psychotherapist-patient privilege (Jaffee v. Redmond)			
		04.	Federal Rules of Evidence (FRE) 501			
		05.	Exceptions to confidentiality/privilege			
			a. Police powers versus confidentiality			
			b. Limitations in fraud investigation			
		06.	Reporting statutes			
			a. Reporting acts override federal confidentiality law (State v. Andring)			
			b. Degree of reporting required (<i>People v. Stritzinger</i>)			
	C.		t to mental health treatment			
		01.	Constitutional right to treatment (O'Connor v. Donaldson)			
		02.	Professional judgment (Youngberg v. Romeo)			
		03.	Based on statute, not Constitution			
		04.	Consent decree/minimal hospital standards (Wyatt v. Stickney)			
	D.	Righ	t to refuse mental health treatment			



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	01.	Stand	dards/pro	ocedures
		a.		decision making
			i.	Judicial model (Rogers v. Commissioner)
			ii.	Professional model (Rennie v. Klein)
			iii.	Override of treatment approval (Application of the President
				and Directors of Georgetown College)
			iv.	Prisoners (Washington v. Harper)
		b.	Guard	ianship/conservatorship
		c.	Substi	tuted judgment
E.	Duty	to warn,	/protect	
	01.	Law		
		a.	Statut	es
		b.	Case la	aw
			i.	Initial precedent (Tarasoff v. Regents of the University of
				California)
			ii.	Duty to detain (<i>Lipari v. Sears</i>)
			iii.	Foreseeable victim (<i>Jablonski v. US</i>)
			iv.	Driving
	02.	Pract		
F.	Infor	med con		
	01.	Elem		formed consent
		a.		ard set by law (<i>Canterbury v. Spence</i>)
		b.		nable person standard
	02.		otions	
	03.		nce direc	
	04.			mowitz v. Michigan)
	05.			life-sustaining treatment (Cruzan v. Director, Missouri
				Mental Health)
G.			d issues/l	
	01.			itioner Data Bank
	02.			ealth issues/impaired physicians
	03.		of-state li	
		a.		sic experts
		b.		edicine
	04.		cıan-assi	sted suicide (<i>Washington v. Glucksberg</i>)
Н.	Resea			(45.0.5.2.46)
	01.			(45 C.F.R. 46)
		a. In	stitution	al review board



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		b. Vulnerable populations
		02. Ethics
02.	Civil	oz. Ethics
UZ.	A.	Malpractice
	Λ,	01. Standards of care
		02. Elements of malpractice
	03.	
	03.	a. Punitive
		b. Compensatory
		04. Burden/standard of proof
		a. Reasonable medical certainty
		b. Res ipsa loquitur
		05. Types of negligence
		a. Comparative
		b. Contributory
		c. Negligence per se
		d. Gross negligence
		06. Malpractice insurance/types of policies
		a. Occurrence
		i. Punitive damages excluded from insurance coverage
		ii. Policy language determines coverage
		b. Claims made/tail coverage
		07. Types of malpractice claims
		a. Suicide/homicide and risk assessment
		b. Boundary violations (Roy v. Hartogs)
		c. Medical management
		i. Tardive dyskinesia <i>(Clites v. Iowa)</i>
		ii. Other issues
	B.	Personal injury
		01. Legal principles
		a. Eggshell plaintiffs
		b. Zone of danger (Dillon v. Legg)
		02. Causation
		03. Damages
		04. Posttraumatic stress disorder (PTSD)/Traumatic brain
		injury (TBI)
	C.	Workplace issues (AAPL Practice Guideline for the Forensic Evaluation of Psychiatric
		Disability)



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		01.	Worker	s' compensation
		02.		Security/Supplemental Security Income (SSI)
		03.	Disabili	
			a.	Private
			b.	Social Security Disability Insurance (SSDI)
		04.	Harassı	
			a.	Definition (Meritor Savings Bank v. Vinson)
			b.	Hostile work environment (Harris v. Forklift Systems)
			C.	Same-sex harassment (Oncale v. Sundowner Offshore Services)
		05.	Discrim	ination/Title VII
		06.	Americ	ans with Disabilities Act (ADA)
			a.	HIV (Bragdon v. Abbott)
			b.	ADA applies to prisons (US v. Georgia)
		07.	Fitness	-for-duty evaluations
			a.	Dangerousness
			b.	Work impairment
	D.	Comp		r medical treatment and finance
		01.		anship/conservatorship of person and property
		02.		nent of capacity
	E.	Testa	mentary o	
		01.	Elemen	
		02.		influence
		03.		delusions
	F.		etency to	enter into contracts
03.	Crimi			
	A.		etency	
		01.	Stand tr	ial (AAPL Competency to Stand Trial Practice Guideline)
			a.	Assessment of competency to stand trial
				i. Standards (Dusky v. US, Godinez v. Moran, Wilson v. US)
				ii. Procedural due process (Cooper v. Oklahoma)
			b.	Restoration of competency
				i. Involuntary treatment (Riggins v. Nevada, Sell v. US)
				ii. Confinement for restoration (Jackson v. Indiana)
			C	Competency to represent oneself (Indiana v. Edwards)
		02.	Testimo	
			a.	FRE 601
		02	b.	Other
		03.	Waive r	ignts



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			a. Confessions (Colorado v. Connelly)
			b. Jury/counsel/appeals
			i. Standards (knowing, intelligent, voluntary)
			ii. Alford plea (North Carolina v. Alford)
			c. Silence
		04.	Forensic assessment instruments
	B.	Crimir	nal responsibility (Insanity Defense Guideline)
		01.	Diminished capacity (Montana v. Egelhoff)
		02.	Mens rea (Clark v. Arizona)
		03.	Insanity defense
			a. Standards
			i. Cognitive prong (<i>M'Naghten</i>)
			ii. American Law Institute Model Penal Code
			iii. Federal Insanity Defense Reform Act
			iv. Product test/Durham rule (Durham v. US, Washington v. US)
			b. Waiving the defense (Frendak v. US)
			c. Disposition/outcome
			i. Length of confinement (Jones v. US)
			ii. Criteria for confinement (Foucha v. Louisiana)
		04.	Postacquittal/Psychiatric Security Review Board
		05.	Guilty but mentally ill
	C.	Alcoh	ol and drug prosecution
		01.	Status (Robinson v. California)
		02.	Intoxication (<i>Powell v. Texas</i>)
	D.	Presei	ntencing/diversion programs
		01.	Diversion programs
		02.	Mental health/drug courts
04.	Deatl	h penalt	у
	A.	Ethics	
		01.	Physician participation
		02.	Treatment on death row
	B.	Comp	etence to be executed (Panetti v. Quarterman)
		01.	Definition (Ford v. Wainwright)
		02.	Restoration issues (State v. Perry)
	C.	Excep	
		01.	Intellectual disability (Atkins v. Virginia, Hall v. Florida)
		02.	Juveniles (Roper v. Simmons)
		03.	Mental illness



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	D.	Epide	emiology				
	E.	-	avating circumstances				
		01.	Due process protections (Estelle v. Smith)				
		02.	Hypothetical questions about dangerousness (Barefoot v. Estelle)				
	F.	Mitiga	ating circumstances (Ake v. Oklahoma)				
	G.		n impact testimony <i>(Payne v. Tennessee)</i>				
05.	Corr	ections/	correctional health care				
	A.	Epide	emiology				
		01.	Prevalence of mental disorders and substance abuse				
		02.	Demographics of correctional populations				
			a. Gender				
			b. Race				
			c. Age				
			d. Economic status				
			e. Jail and prison census				
	B.	Settir	ngs				
		01.	Differences among lockups, jails, and prisons				
		02.	Community corrections				
		03.	Different custody classification settings (e.g., camps, minimum security,				
			supermax)				
	C.	Speci	al treatment programs				
		01.	Residential treatment units (e.g., SNU, ICU, ICP, RTP) for inmates with mental				
			illnesses				
		02.	Inmates who exhibit inappropriate sexual behaviors (e.g., public				
			masturbation, exposure of genitals)				
		03.	Inmates who self-harm (e.g., cutters, swallowers)				
		04.	Programs for inmates with developmental disabilities				
		05.	Geriatric inmates				
	06. End-of-life issues						
	D.		ment of the seriously mentally ill				
		01.	Understanding levels of care (e.g., crisis stabilization, residential treatment,				
			outpatient, hospital)				
		02.	Service delivery issues				
			a. Medication management/issues				
			b. Continuity of care with clinicians				
			c. Physical plant issues (e.g., need for adequate programming space,				
			sound privacy, safety)				
			d. Staffing issues				



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	03.	Pract	ice guidelines
		a.	Psychiatric Services in Correctional Facilities, Third Edition. American
			Psychiatric Association
			i. Screening assessment process
			ii. Sick call process
			iii. Custody interface
			iv. Confidentiality/dual agency
			v. Other
		b.	National Commission on Correctional Health Care guidelines on
			mentally ill inmates in segregation (locked-down settings)
		c.	APA resource document on the use of restraints and seclusion in
_			correctional settings
E.		de preve	
F.		•	Elimination Act (PREA)
G.	-		ssues, including role of mental health clinician in disciplinary process
	01.		untary hospitalization (<i>Vitek v. Jones</i>)
	02.		untary medication (<i>Washington v. Harper</i>)
	03.		e hardship
	04.		commitment following incarceration (Baxstrom v. Herold)
H.	01.		correctional institutions
	01.	Gang	s ective custody issues
	03.		n culture (e.g., snitching, correctional officer wall of silence)
l.			f confinement
1.	01.		egation settings
	02.		rmax settings
	03.		ersus dormitory settings
	04.		ral environment (physical conditions, recreational time) (Brown v. Plata)
J.			us treatment issues
	01.		ct on delivery of mental health services
	02.		cal autonomy
	03.		erate indifference (Estelle v. Gamble, Farmer v. Brennan)
K.	Proba	ation/pa	
	01.	Defin	itions
	02.	Role	of mental health system in probation/parole
		a.	Dangerousness assessments
		b.	Treatment recommendations
		c.	Treatment/monitoring



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			d. Coordination with probation/parole officers
	L.	Sex of	fenders
		01.	Treatment programs
			a. Elements of treatment
			b. Problems in treatment
			c. Assessment issues re recidivism
			d. Treatment setting (e.g., outpatient, residential, institutional)
			e. Penile plethysmography
		02.	Protective custody issues—inmate cultural issues re sex offenders
		03.	Due process
			a. Indefinite commitment (Specht v. Patterson)
			b. Civil versus criminal proceeding (Allen v. Illinois)
			c. Definition of mental abnormality (Kansas v. Hendricks)
			d. Volitional control (Kansas v. Crane)
			e. Adequacy of treatment
			f. Federal sex offender commitment (US v. Comstock)
		04.	Sex offender recidivism
		05.	Paraphilic disorders
		06.	Juvenile sex offenders
	М.		actions/consent decrees
06.			s/basic law
	A.		es of law
		01.	Constitution
		02.	Statutes
		03.	Regulations/administrative law
		04.	Case law
	В. С.		system
	<u> </u>		icative process
		01. 02.	Civil procedure Criminal procedure
		03.	Evidence (including subpoenas)
		03.	
			a. General acceptance (Frye v. US)b. Standards for expert testimony (Daubert v. Merrell Dow)
			c. Judicial discretion
		d.	Judge as gatekeeper (<i>Kumho Tire v. Carmichael</i>)
		u.	Juage as gatereeper (nammo me v. cammenaet)



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07.		04. Burden/standard of proof dren/families
<u> </u>	A.	Civil
		01. Abuse/neglect/foster care
		02. Child abuse reporting statutes
		a. Battered child syndrome (<i>Landeros v. Flood</i>)
		b. State has no constitutional duty to protect (DeShaney v. Winnebago
		03. Divorce/custody/visitation (Painter v. Bannister)
		04. Guardian ad litem
		05. Termination of parental rights (Santosky v. Kramer)/fitness to parent
		06. Competency—emancipation, mature minor
		07. Commitment (Parham v. JR and JL)
		08. Informed consent/assent
		09. Adoption
		10. Evaluation of child sexual abuse
		11. Children as witnesses/evaluation of psychic harm/PTSD claims in children
		(People v. Stritzinger)
		12. Malpractice/ethics/confidentiality
	В.	Criminal
		01. Juvenile court (<i>In re Gault</i>)
		02. Children in Need of Services (CHINS)/ Persons in Need of Supervision (PINS)
		03. Waiver
		04. Competence to be a witness
		05. Delinquency
		06. Sentencing
		a. Graham v. Florida
		b. Miller v. Alabama
	C.	Forensic evaluation of children, adolescents, and their families
	D.	Individuals with Disabilities Education Act (IDEA)/ADA (Irving Independent School
		District v. Tatro, Board of Education v. Rowley)
08.		cial issues in forensic psychiatry
	A.	Hypnosis
		01. Use of hypnosis in a forensic context
		a. Orne criteria (<i>State v. Hurd</i>)
		b. Per se exclusion of testimony not allowed
		(Rock v. Arkansas)
	В.	Polygraphy
	C.	Syndromes (battered woman, rape trauma) (Ibn-Tamas v. US)



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D.	Malingering, factitious disorder imposed on self, factitious disorder imposed on another
E.	Neuropsychological assessments of malingering
F.	Psychological/neuropsychological testing
	01. Uses in forensic evaluations
	02. Uses in malingering (SIRS, TOMM, MMPI-2)
G.	Psychopathy/antisocial personality disorder
Н.	Neuroimaging
I.	Prosecution for drug and alcohol use (Robinson v. California, Powell v. Texas)
J.	Psychological autopsies
	01. Suicide by cop
	02. Cause of death—accident, homicide, or suicide
K.	Ethics
	01. AAPL ethical guidelines
	02. AMA Council on Ethical and Judicial Affairs (CEJA)
	03. APA guidelines
L.	Practice
	01. Videotape/audiotape
	02. Confidentiality
	03. Dual agency
M.	Expert witness
	01. Conflicts that might influence opinion
	02. Federal Rules of Civil Procedure 26 (Rule 26)
	03. Federal Rule of Evidence (FRE) 702
N.	Risk assessment
	01. Suicide
	02. Violence to others
	a. Sex offenders
	b. Stalking
	c. Fire setting
	d. Other (e.g., fitness for duty)
	03. Standardized assessment instruments