

A Member Board of the American Board of Medical Specialties (ABMS)

CONTINUING CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN PSYCHIATRY

The American Board of Psychiatry and Neurology, Inc. (ABPN) is a not-for-profit corporation dedicated to serving the public interest and the professions of psychiatry and neurology by promoting excellence in practice through certification and continuing certification processes.

The ABPN designs and develops the psychiatry continuing certification examination to assess the knowledge and reasoning skills needed to provide high quality patient care in the broad domain of the specialty. It utilizes two-dimensional content specifications. Within the two-dimensional format, one dimension is comprised of disorders and topics while the other is comprised of competencies and mechanisms that cut across the various disorders of the first dimension. By design, the two dimensions are interrelated and not independent of each other. All of the questions on the examination will fall into one of the disorders/topics and will be aligned with a competency/mechanism. For example, an item on substance use could focus on treatment, or it could focus on systems-based practice.

Candidates should use the new detailed content specifications as a guide to prepare for a continuing certification examination. Scores for these examinations will be reported in a standardized format rather than the previous percent correct format.

For more information, please contact us at questions@abpn.org or visit our website at questions@abpn.org.



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CONTINUING CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN PSYCHIATRY Content Blueprint

Number of c	Number of questions: 200	
	Dimension 1	
	Psychiatric Disorders and Topics	
01.	Developmental processes and development through the life cycle	1-3%
02.	Neurodevelopmental disorders	1-3%
03.	Substance-related and addictive disorders	8-12%
04.	Schizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders	8-12%
05.	Depressive disorders	8-12%
06.	Bipolar and related disorders	6-8%
07.	Anxiety disorders	7-9%
08.	Obsessive-compulsive and related disorders	2-4%
09.	Trauma- and stressor-related disorders	5-7%
10.	Dissociative disorders	1-2%
11.	Somatic symptom and related disorders	4-6%
12.	Eating disorders	2-4%
13.	Sleep-wake disorders	2-4%
14.	Sexual dysfunctions	1-3%
15.	Gender dysphoria	1-3%
16.	Disruptive, impulse-control, and conduct disorders	1-2%
17.	Personality disorders	6-8%
18.	Paraphilic disorders	1-2%
19.	Other conditions that may be a focus of clinical attention	1-2%
20.	Neurocognitive disorders	7-9%
21.	Neurologic disorders	4-6%
22.	Dimension 2 topics without a corresponding Dimension 1 topic	2-4%



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Number of	Number of questions: 200	
	Dimension 2	
	Physician Competencies and Mechanisms	
A.	Neuroscience and mechanisms of disease	4-6%
В.	Behavioral/social sciences and psychosocial mechanisms of	4-6%
	diseases	
C.	Clinical aspects of psychiatric and neuropsychiatric disorders	17-23%
D.	Diagnostic procedures	17-23%
E.	Treatment	25-35%
F.	Interpersonal and communication skills	4-6%
G.	Professionalism, ethics, and the law	4-6%
Н.	Practice-based learning and improvement	4-6%
l.	Systems-based practice	4-6%



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CONTINUING CERTIFICATION EXAMINATION IN PSYCHIATRY Content Outline

	Dimension 1
	Psychiatric Disorders and Topics
	lopmental processes and development through the life cycle (psychiatry and
	ology)
	ıfancy through adolescence
i.	
	a. Child development theory (e.g., cognitive theory, moral development, learning
	theory, psychodynamics)
::	b. Development of gender identity and sexual orientation
	. Psychosocial influences i. Other
	dulthood Description and other developmental processes
<u>i.</u> ii.	Personality adaptation and other developmental processes
	,
	. Acquisition and loss of specific capacities 7. Other
	ate life
i.	Personality adaptation and other developmental processes
	Psychosocial influences
	a. Life course – developmental and transitional events (retirement, death of a spouse)
iii	i. Acquisition and loss of specific capacities
	a. Systemic, anatomic, and physiologic changes
	b. Psychological changes
	c. Other
iv	7. Other
02. Neur	odevelopmental disorders
a. In	itellectual developmental disorder (intellectual disability)
b. La	anguage disorder
c. S	peech sound disorder
d. C	hildhood-onset fluency disorder (stuttering)
e. S	ocial (pragmatic) communication disorder
f. A	utistic spectrum disorder
g. A	ttention deficit/hyperactivity disorder
h. S	pecific learning disorder



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i.	Developmental coordination disorder
<u>j.</u>	Stereotypic movement disorder
k.	Tourette disorder
l.	Persistent (chronic) motor or vocal tic disorder
m.	Provisional tic disorder
03. Su	bstance-related and addictive disorders
a.	Alcohol-related disorders
b.	Caffeine-related disorders
C.	Cannabis-related disorders
d.	Phencyclidine disorder
e.	Other hallucinogen-related disorders
f.	Inhalant-related disorders
g.	Opioid-related disorders
h.	Sedative-, hypnotic-, or anxiolytic-related disorders
i.	Stimulant-related disorders
j.	Tobacco-related disorders
k.	Other (or unknown) substance-related disorders
l.	Gambling disorder
04. Scl	hizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders
04. Scl a.	hizophrenia spectrum and other psychotic disorders Delusional disorder
a.	Delusional disorder
a. b.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder
a. b. c.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder
a. b. c. d.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia
a. b. c. d. e.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia Schizoaffective disorder
a. b. c. d. e. f.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia Schizoaffective disorder Substance/medication-induced psychotic disorder
a. b. c. d. e. f.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia Schizoaffective disorder Substance/medication-induced psychotic disorder Psychotic disorder due to another medical condition
a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia Schizoaffective disorder Substance/medication-induced psychotic disorder Psychotic disorder due to another medical condition Catatonia
a. b. c. d. e. f. g. h.	Delusional disorder Brief psychotic disorder Schizophreniform disorder Schizophrenia Schizoaffective disorder Substance/medication-induced psychotic disorder Psychotic disorder due to another medical condition Catatonia Catatonic disorder due to another medical condition
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	Substance/medication-induced depressive disorder
f.	Depressive disorder due to another medical condition
g.	Other specified depressive disorder
h.	Unspecified depressive disorder
i.	Unspecified mood disorder
06. Bip	olar and related disorders
a.	Bipolar I disorder
b.	Bipolar II disorder
c.	Cyclothymic disorder
d.	Substance/medication-induced bipolar and related disorders
e.	Bipolar and related disorder due to another medical condition
f.	Other specified bipolar and related disorder
g.	Unspecified bipolar and related disorder
07. An	riety disorders
a.	Separation anxiety disorder
b.	Selective mutism
c.	Specific phobia
d.	Social anxiety disorder
e.	Panic disorder
f.	Agoraphobia
g.	Generalized anxiety disorder
h.	Substance/medication-induced anxiety disorder
i.	Anxiety disorder due to another medical condition
j.	Other specified anxiety disorder
k.	Unspecified anxiety disorder
08. Obs	sessive-compulsive and related disorders
a.	Obsessive-compulsive disorder
b.	Body dysmorphic disorder
c.	Hoarding disorder
d.	Trichotillomania (hair-pulling disorder)
e.	Excoriation (skin-picking) disorder
f.	Substance/medication-induced obsessive-compulsive and related disorder
g.	Obsessive-compulsive and related disorder due to another medical condition
h.	Other specified obsessive-compulsive and related disorder
i.	Unspecified obsessive-compulsive and related disorder
09. Tra	uma- and stressor-related disorders



a. Reactive attachment disorder
ar model of action and action and action act
b. Disinhibited social engagement disorder
c. Posttraumatic stress disorder
d. Acute stress disorder
e. Adjustment disorders
f. Prolonged grief disorder
g. Other specified trauma- and stressor-related disorder
h. Unspecified trauma- and stressor-related disorder
10. Dissociative disorders
a. Dissociative identity disorder
b. Dissociative amnesia
c. Depersonalization/derealization disorder
d. Other specified dissociative disorder
e. Unspecified dissociative disorder
11. Somatic symptom and related disorders
a. Somatic symptom disorder
b. Illness anxiety disorder
c. Functional neurological symptom disorder (conversion disorder)
d. Psychological factors affecting other medical conditions
e. Factitious disorder
f. Other specified somatic symptom and related disorder
g. Unspecified somatic symptom and related disorder
12. Feeding and eating disorders
a. Pica
b. Rumination disorder
c. Avoidant/restrictive food intake disorder
d. Anorexia nervosa
e. Bulimia nervosa
f. Binge-eating disorder
g. Other specified feeding or eating disorder
13. Sleep-wake disorders
a. Insomnia disorder
b. Hypersomnolence disorder
c. Narcolepsy
d. Obstructive sleep apnea hypopnea
e. Central sleep apnea



f.	Sleep-related hypoventilation
g.	Circadian rhythm sleep-wake disorders
h.	Non-REM sleep arousal disorders
i.	Nightmare disorder
j.	REM sleep behavior disorder
k.	Restless legs syndrome
l.	Substance/medication-induced sleep disorder
m.	Other specified insomnia disorder
n.	Unspecified insomnia disorder
0.	Other specified hypersomnolence disorder
p.	Unspecified hypersomnolence disorder
q.	Other specified sleep-wake disorder
r.	Unspecified sleep-wake disorder
14. Se	xual dysfunctions
a.	Delayed ejaculation
b.	Erectile disorder
c.	Female orgasmic disorder
d.	Female sexual interest/arousal disorder
e.	Genito-pelvic pain/penetration disorder
f.	Male hypoactive sexual desire disorder
g.	Premature (early) ejaculation
h.	Substance/medication-induced sexual dysfunction
i.	Other specified sexual dysfunction
j.	Unspecified sexual dysfunction
	nder dysphoria
a.	Other specified gender dysphoria
b.	Unspecified gender dysphoria
	ruptive, impulse-control, and conduct disorders
	Oppositional defiant disorder
b.	Intermittent explosive disorder
C.	Conduct disorder
d.	Pyromania
e.	Kleptomania
f.	Other specified disruptive, impulse-control, and conduct disorder
g.	Unspecified disruptive, impulse-control and conduct disorder
11.Pe	rsonality disorders



a.	Paranoid personality disorder
b.	Schizoid personality disorder
c.	Schizotypal personality disorder
d.	Antisocial personality disorder
e.	Borderline personality disorder
f.	Histrionic personality disorder
g.	Narcissistic personality disorder
h.	Avoidant personality disorder
i.	Dependent personality disorder
j.	Obsessive-compulsive personality disorder
k.	Personality change due to another medical condition
l.	Other specified personality disorder
m.	Unspecified personality disorder
n.	General personality disorder
18. Pai	raphilic disorders
a.	Voyeuristic disorder
b.	Exhibitionistic disorder
c.	Frotteuristic disorder
d.	Sexual masochism disorder
e.	Sexual sadism disorder
f.	Pedophilic disorder
g.	Fetishistic disorder
h.	Transvestic disorder
i.	Other specified paraphilic disorder
j.	Unspecified paraphilic disorder
19. Otl	ner conditions that may be a focus of clinical attention
20. Ne	urocognitive disorders
a.	Delirium
b.	Other specified delirium
c.	Unspecified delirium
d.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Alzheimer disease
e.	Major or mild frontotemporal neurocognitive disorder
f.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder with Lewy bodies
g.	Major or mild vascular neurocognitive disorder
h.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to traumatic brain injury
i.	Substance/medication-induced major or mild neurocognitive disorder



j.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to HIV infection
k.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to prion disease
l.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Parkinson disease
m.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to Huntington disease
n.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to another medical condition
0.	Major or mild neurocognitive disorder due to multiple etiologies
p.	Unspecified neurocognitive disorder
21. Ne	urologic disorders
a.	Infections of the nervous system
b.	Vascular diseases
C.	Disorders of cerebrospinal and brain fluids
d.	Neuro-oncology
e.	Trauma
f.	Birth injuries and developmental abnormalities
g.	Genetic diseases of recognized biochemical abnormality
h.	Cerebral degenerations of childhood
i.	Cranial nerve disorders
j.	Peripheral neuropathies
k.	Ataxias
l.	Headache
m.	Movement disorders
n.	Spinal cord diseases
0.	Neuromuscular junction disorders
p.	Myopathies
q.	Demyelinating diseases
r.	Epilepsy and episodic disorders
S.	Neurologic complications of systemic diseases
t.	Neurotoxicology
u.	Pain syndromes
٧.	Other
22. Dii	mension 2 topics without a corresponding Dimension 1 topic



	Dimension 2
	Physician Competencies and Mechanisms
A.	Neuroscience and mechanisms of disease
	I. Neuroanatomy
	II. Cellular and molecular neurobiology
	III. Neuropathology
	IV. Genetics
	V. Neurochemistry
	VI. Neurophysiology
	VII. Chronobiology (e.g., biological rhythms, sleep)
	VIII. Neuroendocrinology and neuroimmunology
	IX. Other
В.	Behavioral and social sciences
	I. Psychology
	i. Experimental and behavioral psychology
	ii. Neuropsychology, cognitive psychology
	iii. Social psychology
	iv. Psychoanalytic and psychodynamic psychology
	v. Other
	II. Sociology
	III. Anthropology, culture, ethnicity, race, and spirituality
	IV. Biostatistics
	V. Research design
	VI. Other
	VII. Normal development
C.	Clinical aspects of psychiatric and neuropsychiatric disorders
	I. Epidemiology
	II. Factors affecting psychiatric and neuropsychiatric disorders (predisposing, protective, and
	perpetuating factors, precipitants)
	III. Clinical presentation, symptoms, and signs
	IV. Comorbidity
	V. Differential diagnosis
_	VI. Prognosis and course of illness
D.	Diagnostic procedures L. Conoral physical and neurological examination
	I. General physical and neurological examinationII. Psychiatric interview and mental status examination
	II. Psychiatric interview and mental status examination



	III.	Psychological testing
	IV.	Neuropsychological testing
	٧.	Diagnostic assessments and rating scales
	VI.	Laboratory testing
	VII.	. Neuroimaging
		. EEG
		Sleep Studies
		Neurophysiologic testing
		Other
E.	Tre	eatment
	l	General principles of psychopharmacology and neuropharmacology
		i. Pharmacokinetics/pharmacodynamics
		ii. Drug interactions
		iii. Age, gender, and ethnicity issues
		iv. Genomics
	II.	Specific pharmacologic agents
		i. Tricyclics and heterocyclics
		ii. Monoamine oxidase inhibitors
		iii. Selective serotonin reuptake inhibitors (SSRI)
		iv. Selective norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (NRI)
		v. Selective serotonin-norepinephrine reuptake inhibitors (SNRI)
		vi. Combined noradrenergic-dopaminergic agents (NDRI)
		vii. Noradrenergic and specific serotonergic agents (NaSSA)
		viii. Lithium
		ix. Atomoxetine
		x. Anticonvulsants
		xi. Benzodiazepines
		xii. Beta blockers
		xiii. Alpha agonists
		xiv. Typical antipsychotics
		xv. Atypical antipsychotics
		xvi. Psychostimulants
		xvii. Hypnotics and sedatives
		xviii. Cognitive enhancers
		xix. Calcium channel blockers
		xx. Dopamine agonists
		xxi. Anticholinergics



xxii. Other agents used in the management of psychiatric patients xxiii. Other agents used in the management of neurologic patients III. Treatment of chemical dependence/abuse i. Pharmacologic IV. Treatment of aggression i. Pharmacologic ii. Nonpharmacologic V. Treatment of sleep disorders i. Pharmacologic ii. Nonpharmacologic VI. Treatment of pain i. Pharmacologic iii. Nonpharmacologic VII. Treatment of pain i. Pharmacologic iii. Nonpharmacologic VIII. Treatment of neuroleptic malignant syndrome i. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic iii. Nonpharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacologic VIII. Pharmacotherapy in special situations i. Renal disease iii. Hepatic disease iii. Hepatic disease iii. Pregnancy iv. Breast-feeding V. Tardive dyskinesia and extrapyramidal symptoms IX. Augmentation strategies X. Nonpharmacologic somatic treatment i. Biofeedback iii. Electroconvulsive therapy iii. Phototherapy v. Vagal nerve stimulation vi. rTMS (repetitive transcranial magnetic stimulation) vii. Neurosurgical approaches XI. Psychotherapy i. Supportive iii. Behavioral	
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ii. Cognitive	XI. Psychotherapy
	i. Supportive
iii. Behavioral	ii. Cognitive
	iii. Behavioral



		iv. Interpersonal
	,	v. Psychodynamic
		vi. Psychoanalytic
		vii. Couples
		viii. Family
		ix. Group
		x. Crisis intervention
		xi. Sex therapy
		xii. Motivational interviewing
		xiii. Other (e.g., hypnotherapy, critical incident debriefing)
	XII.	Psychosocial interventions
		i. Psychoeducation
		ii. Vocational and occupational rehabilitation
		iii. Self-help groups (e.g., AA, NA)
		iv. Community-based treatment programs (e.g., halfway houses, day hospitals)
		v. Other
F.	Inte	rpersonal and communication skills
	l.	Communication with patients
	II.	Communication with other professionals
	III.	Communication with the public
	IV.	Communication with patients' families
	٧.	Communication with the healthcare team
	VI.	Management of conflict
		Common errors in communication
G.	Pro	fessionalism, ethics, and the law
		Sensitivity to diverse patient populations
		Adherence to ethical principles (e.g., informed consent, research issues, clinical care)
		Fatigue management and work balance
	IV.	Professional behavior
		Participation in the professional community
		Legal issues in psychiatry
		End of life issues
Н.		ctice-based learning and improvement
	l.	Development and execution of lifelong learning
		i. Self-assessment and self-improvement
1		ii. Use of evidence in the clinical workflow



	II.	Forr	mal practice-based quality improvement	
I.	Sy	Systems-based practice		
	l.	Pati	ent safety and the healthcare team	
		i.	Medical errors and improvement activities	
		ii.	Communication and patient safety	
		iii.	Regulatory and educational activities related to patient safety	
	II. Resource management		ource management	
		i.	Parity	
		ii.	Access to care	
III.		. Community-based care		
		i.	Community based-programs	
		ii.	Prevention	
		iii.	Recovery and rehabilitation	
	IV. Consultation to nonpsychiatric medical providers and nonmedical systems (e.g., m schools, businesses, forensic)			